asymmetric capabilities of Taiwan and options for the United States to enhance such capabilities.

- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A comprehensive description and assessment of scenarios and likely outcomes with respect to a possible use of force against Taiwan by the People's Republic of China, compiled from existing descriptions and assessments from Federal departments and agencies.
- (B) An assessment of the defensive asymmetric capabilities of Taiwan, including—
- (i) a description and assessment of the current defensive asymmetric capabilities of Taiwan; and
- (ii) a description of the defensive asymmetric capabilities necessary for Taiwan to successfully alter scenarios and likely outcomes with respect to a possible use of force by the People's Republic of China against Taiwan, including the estimated cost of such capabilities.
- (C) An assessment of options for the United States to support Taiwan's defense budgeting and procurement process in a manner that facilitates sustained investment in capabilities aligned with the asymmetric defense strategy of Taiwan, including—
- (i) a review of technical advisory options for enhancing defense budgeting across military services in Taiwan;
- (ii) an evaluation of any administrative, institutional, or personnel barrier, in the United States or Taiwan, to implementing the options described in clause (i):
- (iii) an evaluation of the most appropriate entities within the Department of Defense to lead such options:
- (iv) an evaluation of the appropriate entities within the Ministry of National Defense of Taiwan and the National Security Council of Taiwan to participate in such options: and
- (v) a description of additional personnel, resources, and authorities in Taiwan or the United States that may be required to implement such options.
- (D) An assessment of the merits, including any potential risks or costs, of other policy options to support the enhancement of the defensive asymmetric capabilities of Taiwan identified under subparagraph (B)(ii), including—
- (i) assisting Taiwan in the domestic production of such capabilities, including through the transfer of intellectual property or co-development or co-production arrangements; and
- (ii) establishing a permanent fund to support regular investment by Taiwan in such capabilities.
- (E) With respect to each element required by subparagraphs (A) through (D), a description of any lack of consensus and alternative views and analyses.
- (d) STRATEGY FOR ENGAGEMENT WITH TAIWAN TO ENHANCE DEFENSIVE ASYMMETRIC CAPABILITIES.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the report required under subsection (c) is submitted, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report detailing a strategy for engagement with Taiwan to enhance the defensive asymmetric capabilities of Taiwan, including—
- (1) diplomatic and military engagement with Taiwan to support the enhancement of the defensive asymmetric capabilities identified under subsection (c)(2)(B)(ii); and
- (2) support for the successful deployment of such capabilities by Taiwan, including through necessary training
- through necessary training.
  (e) INCREASED SALES OF DEFENSIVE ASYMMETRIC CAPABILITIES TO TAIWAN.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the re-

- port required under subsection (d) is submitted, the Secretary of State shall—
- (1) initiate negotiations with Taiwan with the goal of significantly increasing the sale to Taiwan of the defensive asymmetric capabilities identified under subsection (c)(2)(B)(ii); and
- (2) every 180 days after the initiation of such negotiations, brief the appropriate congressional committees on the status of such negotiations.
- (f) FORM OF REPORTS.—The reports required under this section shall be submitted in classified form but may include an unclassified annex.
- (g) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- SA 4482. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Cramer, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Romney, Mr. TUBERVILLE, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. HAWLEY, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. GRAHAM, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. Lummis, Mr. Daines, and Mr. THUNE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

## SEC. 1548. PROHIBITION ON THE USE OF FUNDS TO REDUCE UNITED STATES NU-CLEAR FORCES.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense or the National Nuclear Security Administration for any of fiscal years 2022 through 2027 may be obligated or expended to reduce—
- (1) the total quantity of strategic delivery systems below the quantity of such systems as of January 1, 2021:
- (2) the quantity of deployed or non-deployed strategic delivery systems below the quantities described as the "Final New START Treaty Force Structure" in the plan on the implementation of the New START Treaty required by section 1042 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81; 125 Stat. 1575);
- (3) the size of the nuclear weapons stockpile below the size of the stockpile as of January 1, 2021.
- (b) EXCEPTIONS.—The prohibition under subsection (a) does not apply to—
- (1) reductions made to ensure the safety, security, reliability, and credibility of the nuclear weapons stockpile and strategic delivery systems, including activities related to surveillance, assessment, certification, testing, and maintenance of nuclear weapons and strategic delivery systems;
- (2) temporary reductions in the quantity of nuclear weapons or deployed strategic deliv-

- ery systems to facilitate the fielding of modernized replacements;
- (3) nuclear weapons that are retired or awaiting dismantlement as of January 1, 2021; or
- (4) reductions made pursuant to a treaty with respect to which the Senate has provided its advice and consent pursuant to article II, section 2, clause 2 of the Constitution of the United States.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NEW START TREATY.—The term "New START Treaty" means the Treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation on Measures for the Further Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms, signed on April 8, 2010, and entered into force on February 5, 2011.
- (2) STRATEGIC DELIVERY SYSTEM.—The term "strategic delivery system" means any of the following:
- (A) LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missiles and any associated reentry vehicles.
- (B) Launch facilities for LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missiles, whether deployed or non-deployed.
- (C) Ohio-class fleet ballistic missile submarines.
- (D) UGM-133 Trident II submarine-launched ballistic missiles and any associated reentry vehicles.
- (E) B-52H Stratofortress long-range heavy bombers.
  - (F) B-2A Spirit stealth bombers.
  - (G) AGM-86B air-launched cruise missiles.

SA 4483. Mr. WARNER (for himself, Mr. Rubio, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Burr. Mr. Wyden, Mr. Risch, Mr. Heinrich. Ms. Collins, Mr. King, Mr. Cotton, Mr. BENNET, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. CASEY, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, and Mr. SASSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:

## SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. DESIGNATION OF SENATOR ROY BLUNT GEOSPATIAL LEARNING CENTER.

- (a) DESIGNATION.—The Geospatial Learning Center in the Next NGA West facility in St. Louis, Missouri, shall after the date of the enactment of this Act be known and designated as the "Senator Roy Blunt Geospatial Learning Center".
- (b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in any law, regulation, map, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the Geospatial Learning Center in the Next NGA West facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Senator Roy Blunt Geospatial Learning Center".

SA 4484. Mr. LUJÁN (for himself, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. BOOKER, and Mr. MENENDEZ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction,

and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title III, add the following:

#### SEC. 356. REPORT ON PROGRESS OF AIR FORCE REGARDING CONTAMINATED REAL PROPERTY.

- (a) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—
- (1) certain property on or near Air Force facilities located in the United States are contaminated with harmful perfluorooctanoic acid and perfluorooctane sulfonate chemicals:
- (2) perfluorooctanoic acid and perfluorooctane sulfonate contamination threatens the jobs, lives, and livelihoods of citizens and livestock who live in contaminated areas:
- (3) property owners, especially those facing severe financial hardship, cannot wait any longer for the Air Force to acquire contaminated property; and
- (4) the Secretary of the Air Force should, in an expeditious manner, use the authority under section 344 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 2701 note) to acquire contaminated property, remediate or dispose of it pursuant to Federal and State environmental laws, and provide relocation assistance.
  - (b) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the progress of the Air Force in carrying out section 344 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 2701 note).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a detailed description of any real property contaminated by perfluorooctanoic acid and perfluorooctane sulfonate by activities of the Air Force;
- (B) a description of any progress made by the Secretary of the Air Force to acquire and remediate or dispose of property pursuant to Federal and State environmental laws or provide relocation assistance pursuant to section 344 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 2701 note); and
- (C) if the Secretary of the Air Force has not acquired and remediated or disposed of property pursuant to Federal and State environmental laws or provided relocation assistance pursuant to such section, an explanation of why not.
- SA 4485. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle E of title XII, add the following:  $\,$

## SEC. 1253. INFRASTRUCTURE TRANSACTION AND ASSISTANCE NETWORK.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of State is authorized to establish an initiative, to be

- known as the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network", under which the Secretary of State, in consultation with other relevant Federal agencies, including those represented on the Global Infrastructure Coordinating Committee, may carry out various programs to advance the development of sustainable, transparent, and high-quality infrastructure in the Indo-Pacific region by—
- (1) strengthening capacity-building programs to improve project evaluation processes, regulatory and procurement environments, and project preparation capacity of countries that are partners of the United States in such development;
- (2) providing transaction advisory services and project preparation assistance to support sustainable infrastructure; and
- (3) coordinating the provision of United States assistance for the development of infrastructure, including infrastructure that utilizes United States-manufactured goods and services, and catalyzing investment led by the private sector.
- (b) Transaction Advisory Fund.—As part of the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network" described under subsection (a), the Secretary of State is authorized to provide support, including through the Transaction Advisory Fund, for advisory services to help boost the capacity of partner countries to evaluate contracts and assess the financial and environmental impacts of potential infrastructure projects, including through providing services such as—
  - (1) legal services;
- (2) project preparation and feasibility studies:
- (3) debt sustainability analyses:
- (4) bid or proposal evaluation; and
- (5) other services relevant to advancing the development of sustainable, transparent, and high-quality infrastructure.
- (c) STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE FUND.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the "Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network" described under subsection (a), the Secretary of State is authorized to provide support, including through the Strategic Infrastructure Fund, for technical assistance, project preparation, pipeline development, and other infrastructure project support.
- (2) Joint infrastructure projects.—Funds authorized for the Strategic Infrastructure Fund should be used in coordination with the Department of Defense, the International Development Finance Corporation, like-minded donor partners, and multilateral banks, as appropriate, to support joint infrastructure projects in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (3) STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS.— Funds authorized for the Strategic Infrastructure Fund should be used to support strategic infrastructure projects that are in the national security interest of the United States and vulnerable to strategic competitors.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated, for each of fiscal years 2022 to 2026, \$75,000,000 to the Infrastructure Transaction and Assistance Network, of which \$20,000,000 is to be provided for the Transaction Advisory Fund.
- SA 4486. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal

year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title XII, insert the following:

SEC. 1283. LIMITATION ON UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL.

The United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

# "SEC. 12. LIMITATION ON UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL.

"None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to pay assessed and other expenses of international peacekeeping activities under this Act may be made available for an international peacekeeping operation that has not been expressly authorized by the United Nations Security Council."

SA 4487. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the end of subtitle G of title XII, add

the following:

## SEC. 1283. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR THE ARAB GAS PIPELINE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2022 may be obligated or expended to implement any activity relating to the construction, repair, restoration, or assessment of the Arab Gas Pipeline.
- (b) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary of State may waive the application of subsection (a) if, not less than 30 days before the date on which an activity described in that subsection is proposed to commence, the Secretary of State certifies to the appropriate committees of Congress in writing that the implementation of the activity does not—
- (1) knowingly provide significant financial, material, or technological support to, or involve knowingly engaging in a significant transaction with—
- (A) the Government of Syria (including any entity owned or controlled by the Government of Syria) or a senior political figure of the Government of Syria;
- (B) a foreign person who is a military contractor mercenary, a paramilitary force knowingly operating in a military capacity inside Syria for, or on behalf of, the Government of Syria, the Government of the Russian Federation, or the Government of Iran; or
- (C) a foreign person subject to sanctions pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) with respect to Syria or any other provision of law that imposes sanctions with respect to Syria;
- (2) knowingly involve the sale or provision of significant goods, services, technology, information, or other forms of support that significantly facilitate the maintenance, repair, or expansion of the Government of Syria's domestic production of natural gas, petroleum, or petroleum products, including